

CHAPTER 15 KAHOOT SESSION

1. Monthly incomes are much higher here than in any other cities and regions.

Kaliningrad Yekaterinburg St.Petersburg **Moscow**

2. Which city is the political center of Russia?

St.Petersburg Volga **Moscow** Omsk

3. How many districts does Russia have?

Four Five Six **Seven**

4. After the end of Communist rule, the government

loosened its control on society. fell apart. closed Russia's borders. declared bankruptcy.

5. The life expectancy of Russian men has declined because

ethnic groups left Russia to escape hardships. of the arrival of new immigrants. **of poor nutrition, alcoholism, and drug abuse.** of low birthrates.

6. Which Russian city is known for its palaces and churches?

Moscow Kaliningrad Volga **St. Petersburg**

7. Russia views the war in Chechnya as

a struggle against terrorism. a struggle to return communism to the government. an attempt to overthrow the government. a threat against NATO.

8. What has assisted Russia in the shift to a market economy?

Weakening government authority Increases in wealth for the people **Higher prices for its oil and gas**
Better health for Russian citizens

9. Which Russian president gave the Chechens more self-rule?

Vladimir Putin **Boris Yeltsin** Mikhail Gorbachev Joseph Stalin

10. Who was Russia's leader when it was a Soviet republic?

Mikhail Gorbachev Vladimir Putin **Boris Yeltsin** Joseph Stalin

11. How many ethnic Russians returned to Russia after the Soviet republics became independent?

2 million **3 million** 4 million 5 million

12. As president, Vladimir Putin

took control of Russia's newspapers. allowed tv news stations to operate with no gov't. control. did away with issuing decrees. **strengthened presidential powers.**

13. In what kind of economy does the central government make all the economic decisions?

Market economy Welfare economy **Command economy** Free market economy

14. What was the outcome of the struggle between the Chechens and the Russian government?

It is unresolved. The government was victorious. The Chechens won their independence. A truce was declared.

15. As a result of Russia's new economic system

government price controls have been added. privatization is being discouraged. Russia's central govt. is making all the economic decisions. **Russian companies are advertising to attract customers.**

16. How has Vladimir Putin limited the power of some of Russia's oligarchs?

By putting them in jail. **By strengthening government authority.** By taking their businesses from them. By encouraging other business start-ups.

17. Why is the division of governmental power in Russia less clear than it is in the United States?

The new Russian government is still developing. The Communist Party wants to keep authority less clear. Russia's economy impacts the division of governmental power. Elections occur too often for clear division of authority.

18. What happened in Russia when communism fell?

Communism stayed in place, but new officials were elected. **Russians had to build a new government and economy.** Russia became less democratic. Russian citizens had no voice in choosing their leaders.

19. Why has Russia's banking system been unable to fully contribute to economic growth?

Many Russians do not trust the country's banks. The banking system has made some unwise investments. Inflation is causing the worth of Russia's currency to drop Russian banks do not follow the same banking practices.

20. With the end of Communist rule,

Russians were still not allowed to criticize their leaders. **Many different political parties were able to organize.** The gov't controlled the content of books and magazines. Consumerism in Russia declined.

21. The Muslim region in southern Russia.

Ukraine **Chechnya** Crimea Urals

22. The mountains that are a major source for Russia's natural resources.

Altai Sayan **Ural** Caucasus

23. The area that holds valuable mineral deposits and timber.

Crimea Ukraine Chechnya **Siberia**

24. A major Russian port along the Baltic Sea.

Kaliningrad Saint Petersburg Vladivostok Murmansk

25. Communism fell in Russia in this year.

1994 1993 1992 **1991**

26. Russian voters approved a new constitution in this year.

1991 1992 **1993** 1994

27. Russia joined NATO in fighting global terrorism in this year.

2001 **2002** 2004 2003

28. Russian forces were sent into Chechnya in this year.

1991 **1994** 1992 1993

29. The year the Russian revolution began.

1919 1920 **1917** 1918

30. In June of this year, Germany sent it's army into the Soviet Union.

1944 **1941** 1942 1943